EWSETA SKILLS DEVELOPMENT FACILITATOR CAPACITY BUILDING SESSIONS





Agenda







WSP/ATRS



Opening and Welcome







OUR MANDATE: To anticipate, build and strategically plan and manage skills development and training needs in the energy and water sectors as directed by the National Skills Development Plan 2030

OUR VISION: Creating a sustainable tomorrow today, through skills



- UNDERPINNED BY -

OUR MISSION: The EWSETA will achieve its Vision through:

- Research to determine the skills demand
- Facilitation and coordination of skills development programmes to respond to sectoral challenges
- Driving excellence through quality assurance
- Fostering an ecosystem in energy & water that creates inclusive economic development.





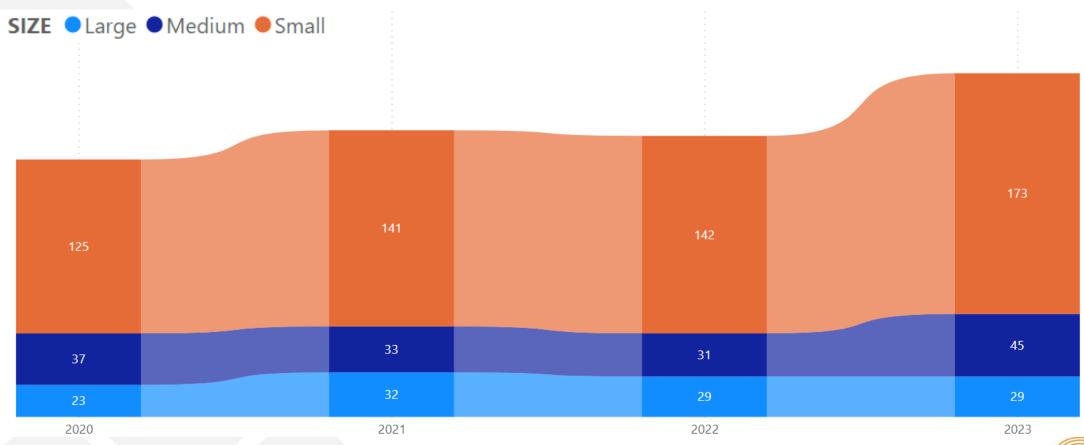
EWSETA Mandate and Strategic Scope



- Credible skills planning and delivery data
- Industry-led skills planning
- 🗸 Future skills
- Industry-led qualifications development
- Learning programmes
- Accreditation of skills development providers
- Approval of workplaces
- Facilitate sector training



No of companies submitting WSP/ATRs





Benefits of submitting WSP/ATR

- Qualify to claim back a mandatory grant of 20% of Skills Development Levy (SDL)
- Maximising points earned under the Skills Development priority element for BEE
- Highlighting skills gaps in your organisation
- Implementing training to minimise the skills gaps
- Applying for discretionary grant funding to address skill shortages identified by industry



Sector Skills Plan





Brief Background

- SETAs are mandated to plan for, implement and evaluate desired skills development outcomes within respective economic sectors
- A key component of SETA work involves sector skills planning research to ensure that public investment in skills development resonates with the needs of respective constituencies and government's key economic and social priorities
- This is achieved by responding to prescripts outlined in the NSDP (and more broadly, the NDP)
- Thus, and through the Skills Development Act, SETAs are tasked with the responsibility of developing the Sector Skills Plan (SSP)



SSP Framework & the NSDP

Appropriately aligning to outcomes stipulated in the NSDP by:

- Identifying and increasing production of occupations in high demand.
- Linking education and the workplace.
- Improving the level of skill in the South African Workforce.
- Increasing access to occupationally directed programmes.
- Supporting growth of the public college institutional type as a key provider of skills required for socioeconomic development (i.e. TVETs and CETCs).
- Demonstrating skills development support for entrepreneurship and cooperative development.
- Encouraging and supporting work-initiated training.
- Supporting career development services.



Research Process & Methods

Central to its development, the EWSETA SSP was prepared by way of evidence-based research which included:

- Collection of quantitative data through workplace skills plans (WSPs).
- Collection of qualitative data in the form of in-depth interviews.
- A labour market intelligence survey to gain deeper insight into aspects such as key change drivers and hard-to-fill vacancies (HTFVs).
- EWSETA Impact and Tracer Studies (primary research) typically based on concurrent mixed methods.
- Desktop research to acquire and analyse secondary data derived from numerous credible sources.



Change Drivers

Some of the major change drivers influencing the energy and waters sector as identified in the EWSETA SSP included:

- THE ELECTRICITY GRID AND LOAD SHEDDING: e.g., ongoing load shedding, reaching stage 6 levels at times, disrupts business operations which reduces outputs. Therefore, the subsequent financial constraints mean the budgets previously reserved for education and training objectives may be reallocated to sustain business operations.
- NEW ENERGY TECHNOLOGY & THE JUST ENERGY TRANSITION : e.g., recent advances have opened doors to potential learning opportunities in new energy technologies.
- CLIMATE CHANGE: e.g., water scarcity issues continue to pose a risk, particularly to the water supply industry. Thus, innovations designed to curb water demand whilst increasing water supply requires input from qualified experts, professionals, and specialists.



Occupational Shortages (Top 10 Priority Occupations)

| No. | OCCUPATION CODE | OCCUPATION |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1 | 2021-215101 | Electrical Engineer |
| 2 | 2021-121905 | Programme or Project Manager |
| 3 | 2021-214101 | Industrial Engineer |
| 4 | 2021-132104 | Engineering Manager |
| 5 | 2021-213302 | Environmental Scientist |
| 6 | 2021-215103 | Energy Engineer |
| 7 | 2021-214401 | Mechanical Engineer |
| 8 | 2021-311801 | Draughtsperson |
| 9 | 2021-671202 | Millwright |
| 10 | 2021-243301 | Industrial Products Sales Representative |



Strategic Skills Priority Actions

- Support the economic reconstruction and recovery plan (ERRP) [long term].
- Support national plans and strategies [long term].
- Support key change drivers [medium to long term].
- Establish partnerships aimed at developing and supplying skilled incumbents to address sectoral needs [short to medium term].
- Support equity imperatives such as gender equality, especially in key professional and technical occupations [long term].
- Establish and maintain a formal EWSETA monitoring and evaluation (M&E) framework [short to medium term].
- Implement Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) programmes [medium to long term].
- Increase skills development support for SMMEs in the sector (especially in response to 4IR and entrepreneurship skills) [short to medium term].
- Increase internal human resources to continue to enhance the research effort (continue to enhance skills demand articulation)
 [medium term].
- Support the Presidential Youth Employment Intervention (PYEI) [medium to long term].



Workplace Skills Plans & Annual Training Reports





Skills Development Act, 1998

Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act No 97 of 1998) as amended (SDA)

- develop the skills of the SA workforce
- provide employees with opportunities to acquire new skills
- ensure the quality of education and training in and for the workplace
- improve employment prospects of PDAs (through training and education)
- encourage employers to use the workplace as an active learning environment
- increase the levels of investment in education and training in the labour market



Skills Development Levies Act, 1999

Skills Development Levies Act 1999, (Act No 9 of 1999) as amended (SDLA)

- To impose a skills development levy at a rate of 1% of the leviable amount on every employer
- Employers where the salary bill will not exceed R 500 000 over the next 12 months are exempt from paying the skills levy

Exempted employers are encouraged to submit a WSP-ATR for the purposes of research and recording of their details on the EWSETA database



Purpose of WSP/ATRs

Improve the quantity and quality of information received by SETAs

• Promote PIVOTAL Programmes that address priority scarce and critical skills needs



Mandatory Grant Applications

 Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) - describes the main skills development activities planned for the upcoming year and must reflect all planned training.

 Annual Training Report (ATR) – reports on the education and training interventions that were delivered during the previous year. The ATR must reflect all training conducted.





Criteria for Mandatory Grant Approval

An application must be submitted by 30 April each year.
Proof of implementation of previous year planned training must be submitted.

 Evidence must be provided that the submission has been subject to consultation with the recognised union/s (Medium and Large companies).



Organising Framework for Occupations (OFO)



What is the OFO?

provides a common language when talking about occupations;

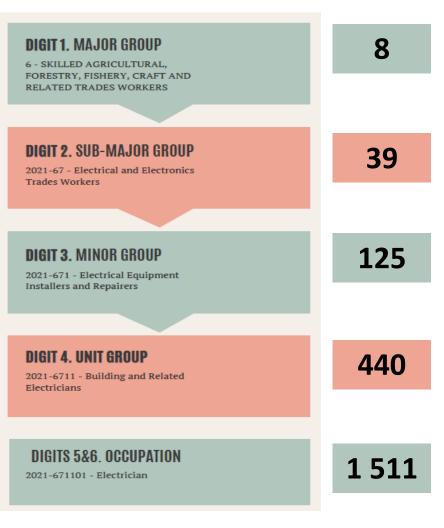
captures jobs in the form of occupations; and

o groups occupations into successively broader categories and hierarchical

levels based on similarity of tasks, skills and knowledge.

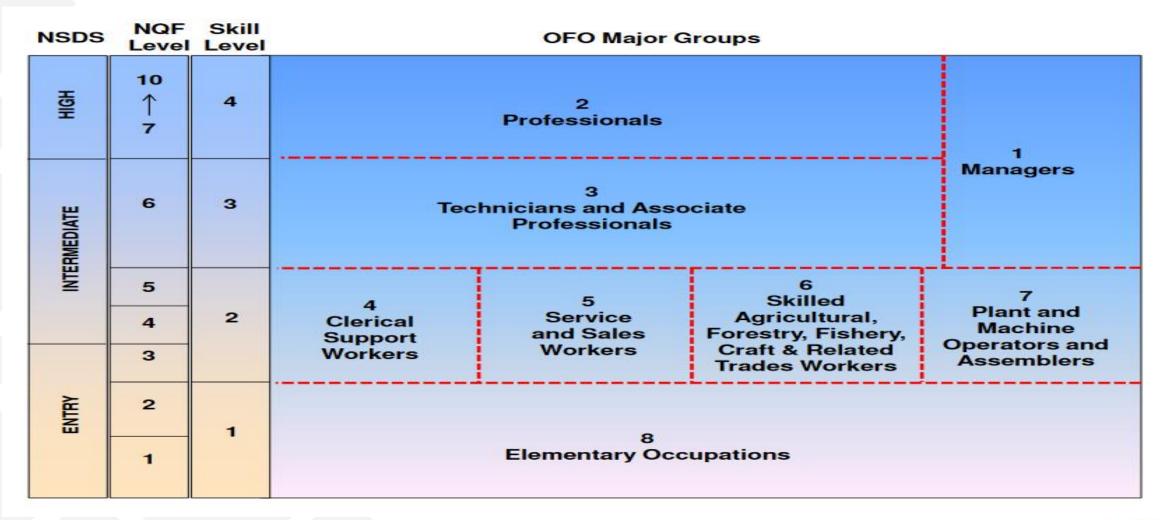


OFO Structure with Example





Alignment of OFO to NQF and Skills Level



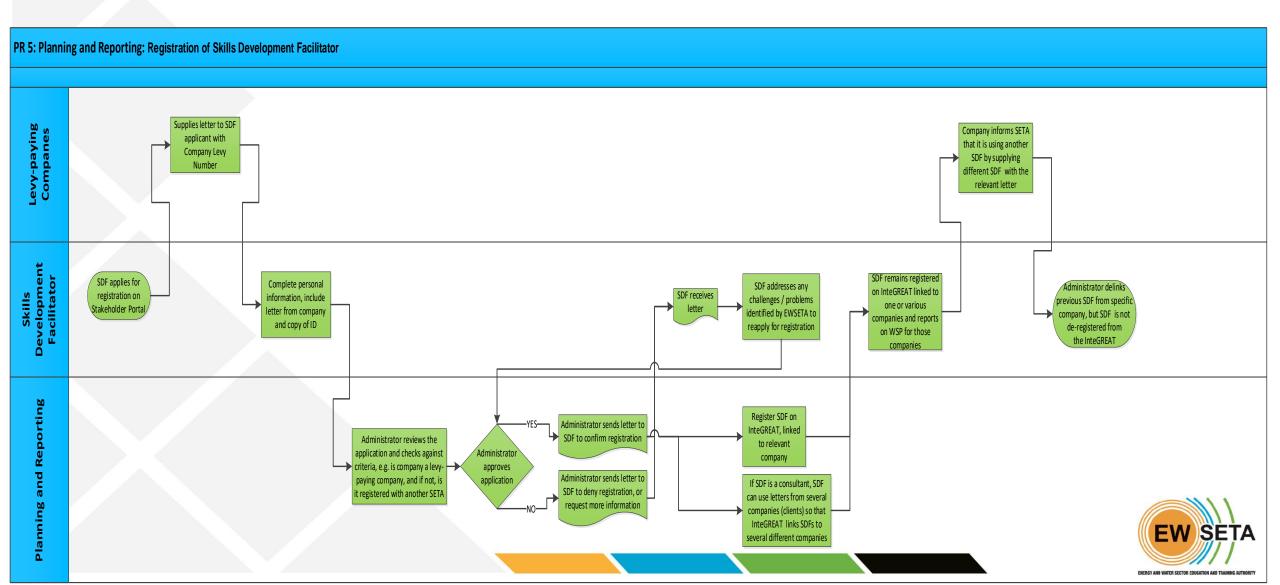


SDF Registration Process





Registration of Skills Development Facilitator



Demonstration on InteGREAT





Modifications/ Changes

1. Bank Details Requirement:

• Skills Development Facilitators (SDFs) are now required to create, update, or confirm bank details before submitting a Workplace Skills Plan (WSP).

2. Employer Details Update:

- SDFs are mandated to update employer details before submitting a WSP.
- 3. Executive Details Capture:
 - SDFs are required to capture executive details before submitting a WSP.

4. WSP Excel Template Changes:

• Hard-to-fill vacancies and the finance tab have been removed from the WSP Excel template. SDFs are now required to input this information directly into the system.

5. Planned Training and Adult Education Tabs:

Personal details are no longer required under the planned training and adult education tabs.
 Instead, we are utilizing the employee ID/reference number to reference the details from the TEP tab. This improvement eliminates the need for capturing employee details twice.

These changes are designed to streamline our processes, reduce redundancy, and enhance the accuracy of our data. We appreciate your cooperation in implementing these updates, and if you have any questions or need further clarification, please feel free to reach out to the IT Department.

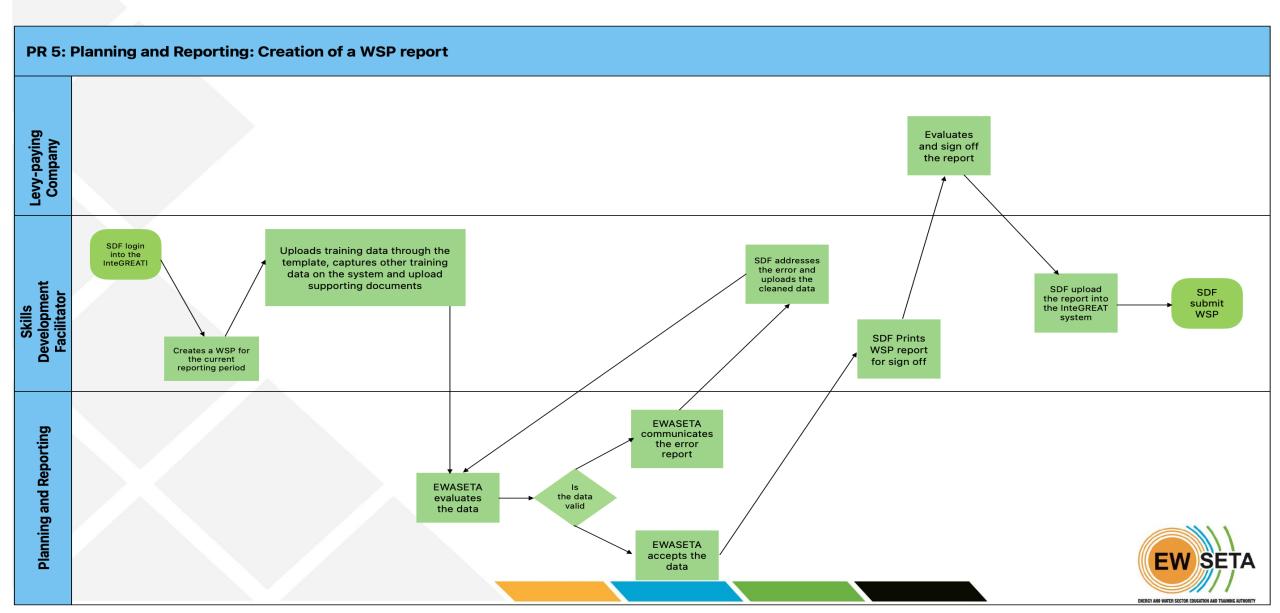


WSP/ATR Submission Process





WSP/ATR Submission Process



Demonstration on InteGREAT









THANK YOU



WSP/ATR Support



Helpdesk

https://helpdesk.ewseta.org.za/

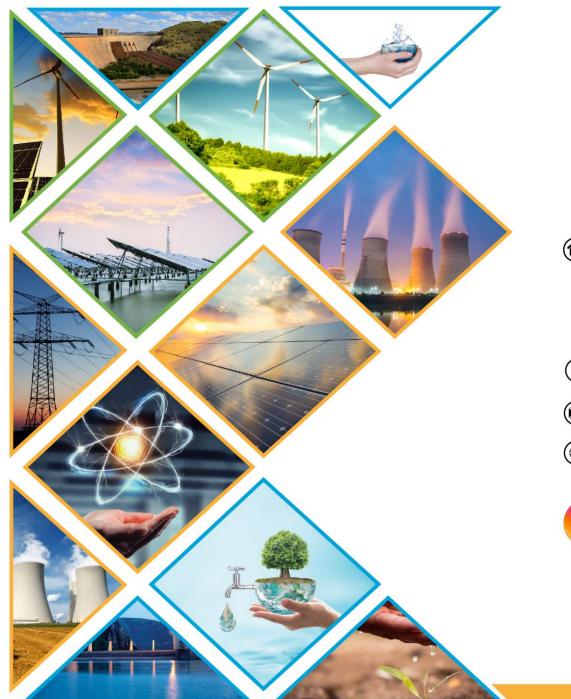
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